

Subject-Verb Agreement

In grammar, subject-verb agreement refers to the correspondence in form between a verb and its subject. Every verb in a clause or sentence must agree in *number* and *person* with its subject. That is, make a verb singular if its subject is singular; make a verb plural if its subject is plural. Also, make a verb agree in person (i.e., the doer of the action —first person, second person, third person) with its grammatical subject.

The Basics: Subjects in the first and second person take plural verbs, as does the third person plural. The third person singular takes a singular verb, as illustrated in the chart below.

Person	Singular	<u>Plural</u>
First	I eat.	We eat.
Second	You eat.	You eat.
Third	He/She/it eats.	They eat.
	The bird eats.	Birds eat.

To make a verb singular, add an <u>-s</u> or <u>-es</u> ending to your verb. To make a verb plural, leave off the <u>-s</u> or <u>-es</u> ending.

s v

Example (singular subject): The <u>cat lives</u> on Lake Street.

s v

Example (plural subject): The <u>cats live</u> on Lake Street.

Exceptions: Sometimes singular subjects may appear to be plural. Other words may look plural even though they are singular. Follow these rules for subject-verb agreement.

Rule 1: The following indefinite pronouns are singular and take singular verbs.

anyone everyone someone either one anybody everybody somebody neither no one anything everything something another each

Example: Everyone is anxious to meet the new boss.

Rule 2: The following pronouns are plural and take a plural verb.

both few many several Example: Several were encouraged to continue the discussion.

Rule 3: The following pronouns may be either singular or plural depending on the prepositional phrase

that follows.

some most any all none

Example: Some of the cookie was eaten already. (some refers to cookie which is singular)

Some of the windows <u>have</u> screens. (some refers to *windows* which is plural)

Over \rightarrow

Rule 4: Don't be confused by prepositional phrases which come between the subject and verb. The subject of the sentence is never part of a prepositional phrase

S Prepositional Phrase V

Example: Any history of rock and roll festivals is sure to begin with the concert at Woodstock.

Rule 5: The following nouns can be either singular or plural. When they refer to a group of people or things as one unit, they take a singular verb. When they refer to the individuals within a group, they take a plural verb.

audience family orchestra band team class group crowd jury

Example: The jury was reentering the courtroom. (acting as one unit)

The jury were discussing their opinions of the trial. (acting as individuals

within a group)

Rule 6: The following nouns are singular, although they appear to be plural. As the subject of a sentence, they take a singular verb.

civics athletics genetics news
mumps physics politics series
measles United States economics mathematics

Example: Mumps <u>is</u> a disease of the salivary glands.

Rule 7: The following nouns do not take singular forms. They are plural in meaning and always take a plural verb.

trousers pants jeans shears scissors pliers

Example: The pliers <u>are</u> in the toolbox.

Note: If the word "pair" precedes the noun, use the singular verb.

Example: The pair of pliers is in the toolbox.

Rule 8: You probably already know that two singular words joined with "and" form a plural subject. But you should know that when two subjects are joined with "or," the verb agrees in number with subject that is closer to the verb.

Example: A magazine <u>subscription</u> **and** a book club <u>membership</u> <u>make</u> good gifts for the person who has everything.

Magazine <u>subscriptions</u> **or** a book club <u>membership</u> <u>makes</u> a good gift for the person who has everything.

Strategy: When you edit sentences for subject-verb agreement, use this 5-step test.

- 1. Find the subject by asking whom or what the sentence is about.
- 2. Determine whether the subject is singular or plural.
- 3. Locate the verb.
- 4. Determine whether the verb is singular or plural.
- 5. If the subject and verb are both singular or both plural, they agree. If they do not agree, make the needed adjustment.